


Home Oxygen Safety Tips



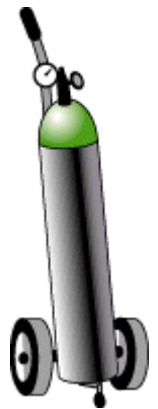
Oxygen is a drug and is effective and safe **ONLY** when used as prescribed by your physician. Never change your oxygen liter flow without first consulting your physician.

Fire Safety

- Oxygen is not flammable and will not explode. However, oxygen does support combustion. This means that oxygen makes things burn faster and ignite easier.
- Use and or store oxygen in a well-ventilated area because oxygen accumulates around the user and immediate surroundings.
- **NEVER** use or store oxygen in a confined space such as a cabinet or closet.
- **DO NOT** use petroleum-based ointments or lotions in or around your nose, such as Vaseline, Vicks, Chapstick, etc. Oxygen can react violently with these oily substances and can cause burns.
- Keep all oxygen equipment at least **15 feet from any type of open flame**. Take care to avoid open flames while using oxygen, including matches, fireplaces, barbeques, stoves, space heaters, candles, etc.
- **DO NOT SMOKE** within 15 feet of the oxygen set-up or an oxygen patient. 
- Avoid using electrical appliances that produce sparks, such as electrical heaters, electric razors, hair dryers, friction toys, remote toy cars, etc.
- Use of a smoke detector and fire extinguisher is highly recommended when using oxygen in the home.
- Plan an evacuation route for you and your family in the event of a fire.

Oxygen Storage and Handling

- Oxygen tanks should be stored in a stand or cart to prevent tipping and falling. Store extra, unsecured tanks by placing them flat on the floor. Do not allow tanks to stand or lean in an upright position while unsecured.
- **DO NOT** store oxygen systems in unventilated areas such as closets or cabinets. **NEVER** drape clothing over oxygen systems.
- **DO NOT** store oxygen systems near heat or ignition sources.



Home Oxygen Safety Tips (cont.)



Oxygen Storage and Handling

- **DO NOT** store oxygen systems in the trunk of your car.
- While transporting oxygen in a vehicle, ensure containers are secure and positioned properly.
- Oxygen should be transported in the passenger compartment of a vehicle with the window open slightly (2-3 inches) to permit adequate ventilation.

Concentrator Safety



- Concentrators are electrical devices that should only be plugged into a properly grounded or polarized outlet.
- **DO NOT** use extension cords.
- **DO NOT** use multi-outlet adaptors such as power strips.
- Avoid using power sources that create heat or sparks.
- Use a power supply or electrical circuit that meets or exceeds the amperage requirements of the concentrator.

Liquid Oxygen Safety

- Avoid direct contact with liquid oxygen as it can cause severe burns due to its extremely cold temperature.
- Avoid touching any frosted or icy connectors of either the stationary reservoir or portable unit.



- Avoid contact with any stream of liquid oxygen while filling portable units.
- Keep the portable unit in an upright position. Do not lay the unit down or place on its side.



Small portable unit (left) and large stationary unit (right)

**SMOKING WHILE USING OXYGEN IS
EXTREMELY DANGEROUS**